

1. The first group of variables includes the demographic characteristics of the respondents, such as age, gender, and education level. These variables are used to control for potential confounding factors that may influence the dependent variable.

2. The second group of variables represents the independent variables, which are the factors hypothesized to have a direct effect on the dependent variable. These variables are measured using a Likert scale, where respondents indicate their level of agreement or disagreement with the statements.

3. The third group of variables consists of the control variables, which are used to account for other factors that may influence the dependent variable but are not the primary focus of the study. These variables are also measured using a Likert scale.

4. The final group of variables includes the dependent variable, which is the outcome variable that the study aims to explain. This variable is measured using a Likert scale, where respondents indicate their level of agreement or disagreement with the statements.

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INTERFERENCE SEARCHED			
Class	Subclass	Date	Examiner
514	3319, 332.13 25409, 25501	S	S
530	331		
544	339, 373 386, 391		

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